












What to Expect of a Kindergartner Parent Tip #6

Note: Kindergarten children come to school with very different backgrounds and personalities. Yet, despite this diversity, they often share certain characteristics.









A child entering kindergarten will probably:

-  Prefer a fairly routine schedule.
-  Perform better under consistent discipline.
-  Like opportunities to show his independence.
-  Seek affection and security within the home.
-  Be independent in eating, dressing, toileting, and sleeping.




Physically most kindergartners will be:

-  Extremely active for short periods, separated by longer periods of calm and quiet.
-  Maturing in large and small muscle control.
-  Susceptible to childhood diseases.
-  Beginning to lose primary teeth and get permanent teeth.
-  Somewhat farsighted as their eyes are not yet mature.
-  Lacking full development of eye-hand coordination.
-  Learning to snap their fingers, whistle, and wink.

Socially and emotionally, a child in kindergarten will probably:

-  Have a creative and vivid imagination.
-  Show pride and concern about his possessions.
-  Argue with peers frequently.
-  Like immediate results, not remote goals.
-  Have difficulty understanding and remembering rules.
-  Change her mind often.
-  Be very curious.
-  Procrastinate in completing tasks, particularly adult-directed tasks.

You can help meet the developmental needs of your child by encouraging participation in selected activities. Let your child:

-  Ask permission to use the possessions of others. Teach him to understand that respect for personal property is a two-way street.
-  Go shopping with you, make a purchase, pay for the item and receive change.
-  Know that he is accepted as he is.

- 🦋 Talk on the telephone with friends and relatives so he gains experience in answering the phone and in asking to speak to the person called.
- 🦋 Know that words like "excuse me", "please", and "thank you" should be used as a form of courtesy to others.
- 🦋 Know that she can expect a reasonable amount of personal privacy. Knock on her door before entering and expect her to do the same when entering your room.
- 🦋 Know that he must wait his turn in group activities, but allow him to be first at times.
- 🦋 Establish relationships with friends his age. Let him visit his friends and gradually allow him to be away from home for longer periods of time.
- 🦋 Have opportunities to talk about herself and her activities and know that someone is listening.

- 🦋 Have responsibilities that fit her age such as picking up toys, caring for pets, and hanging up clothes.
- 🦋 Have a reading session every day, even if you only have time to read 10 or 15 minutes. Let your child sit close to you. Be relaxed and enjoyable during the reading period.
- 🦋 Know that he is loved. The greatest gifts you can give your child are time and honest praise.

The text for this tip sheet was written by the North Dakota State University: NDSU Extension Service.

